

## Does Your Wagon Leak Grain?

If it does—Get a galvanized wagon box bottom and end your worries.

These are large enough to cover any box; being 38 inches wide by 132 inches long, and are made from 22 gauge iron.

**J. L. ACHESON**

FOR  
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

## Dry Lumber in Sheds

All kinds of building material. If you need a Machine Shed or Garage, call and get our prices.

Large stock of Wagon parts carried in Oak and Hickory.

The best of Jack Pine wood and Drummheller Coal carried in stock at all times.

**BEAVER LUMBER COMPANY LIMITED**  
IN YOUR TOWN  
AND A HUNDRED OTHERS

For  
Counter Check Books  
and  
Commercial Printing  
go to  
The Oyen News

## Oyen Theatre

FRIDAY-SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10 and 11

Your old favorite

**TOM MIX**

in

**"HARD BOILED"**

with HELEN CHADWICK, CHARLES CONKLIN  
PHYLLIS HAVER and TONY

Tom thought Chicago was tame—So he left town to turn a peaceful dude ranch into a real hard-boiled, rarin', tearin' one, and while he was cuttin' up dices—he got more than he bargained for.

DANCE AFTER SATURDAY SHOW—GOOD MUSIC

MONDAY-TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13 and 14

ALLEN PRINGLE in

**"WILDFIRE"**

with HOLMES HERBERT, EDMUND BREESE,  
ANTHONY SHORT and EDNA MURPHY in

A stirring story of the race track.

All Shows commence at 8 p.m.

## An Open Letter to All Ex-Service Men

Hanna, Alberta, July 31, 1926.  
Dear Comrade:

As an ex-service man and one who has taken a very active part in the G.W.V.A. both locally and provincially and now as president of the Canadian Legion in Alberta and a member of the Centennial Board of Alberta, I feel that I have been, and am doing a very great deal for the ex-service man in Alberta. But I know that the great deal more must be done in the interest of the ex-service man before he secures what rightfully belongs to him and what he is entitled to at the hands of the Dominion government. Pension Laws, Pension Regulations, Soldier Settlers Affairs and re-establishment of the ex-service man in general are not in a state of perfection by any means and a great deal can and must be done in Ottawa before the ex-service man gets his just dues. To whom should we look to best serve our interests as ex-service men? A man who should have been overseas but was not, who knows nothing from experience of ex-service men's requirements, and whose only interest in ex-service men is in getting his vote. Or one who is an ex-service man, who served two and one half years in training and fighting for the health of thousands of soldiers. Who since 1918 has devoted a great deal of his time and means to the problems of ex-service men, and who is in a position today to do more for ex-service men than perhaps anyone else in Alberta, and who is anxious and willing to continue that service. I granted the opportunity. I personally appeal to you for your support and influence in this election to place me in a position where I can help to correct and improve many of the laws and regulations which now govern many ex-service men from getting justice.

Yours faithfully,  
D. G. H. WADDE.

## SELECT SEED CORN EARLY

This is the time of year that attention must be given to the selection of a supply of good corn. It is seldom safe to leave this work after the first ten days of September. Comparatively light frosts injure the vitality of corn when it is full of moisture as it is at this season of the year, and the best way is to gather at least a limited supply as soon as it is sufficiently mature to make good seed.

Seed of the finest varieties such as Gethu, Squaw and Dakota White Flint can be gathered as soon as it has started to glaze, and that of the dent varieties when it shows signs of denting. When pulled at this early stage there is considerable shrinkage but if it is carefully cured the germination will be strong. If it is pulled before it has reached the stages mentioned the shrinkage is so excessive that it is of little value for seed.

Careful curing is all important. Even when well matured the grain and the cob contain a high percentage of moisture and it is very important that this be driven off as quickly and thoroughly as possible. If the ears are thrown in a pile when gathered mould quickly develops and the seed is ruined. The husks should be stripped back or removed as soon as the corn is gathered and the ears hung up in small bunches or placed on a wire rack so that they do not touch one another and where there is a free circulation of air around them. To place them on a floor is poor practice as they are apt to mould on the lower side.

Various methods of curing corn are described and illustrated in a circular entitled the Selection and Curing of Seed Corn, recently issued by the Department of Agriculture. The circular was prepared by James Murray, District Agriculturist, Medicine Hat, and copies may be had by writing his office.

The  
Rapid Service  
Dray

ALL IT'S NAME IMPLIES

Ed. Armitage, Prop.

## The Progressive Pledge

The political morality of the majority of Progressives in the last parliament will be illustrated by their breach of faith with the Governor General which prevented the new provincial government of Right Hon. Arthur Meighen from putting through the business of the session which Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King abandoned in his attempt to evade censure in the House of Commons. Spokesmen of the main body of the Progressives, particularly Robert Forke and E. J. Gagnard, of Bow River, have endeavored to deny that they have His Excellency an assurance that they would assist the new government to wind up the work of the session, but unfortunately for their effort the facts speak for themselves. They gave the Governor-General a definite pledge through the mouth of their leader, Mr. Forke, and then took the first opportunity of violating it. They have since offered the excuse that the pledge was not conveyed in writing to His Excellency and that therefore it was not a contract. They were free, they say in effect, to break an oral undertaking.

On the evening of Friday, June 25, the government was tottering, having been defeated three times that evening. Between Friday and Monday the Liberals became panic-stricken that a vote of censure on the Customs administration would be carried by parliament. To avoid this Premier King on Monday asked His Excellency to dissolve parliament. Never before in the history of British parliamentary practice had a government facing a vote of censure asked that parliament be dissolved. His Excellency refused dissolution. Premier King has stated that before the last parliament was summoned he asked His Excellency to have parliament decide who should control. To this His Excellency assented. On Monday, June 25th, His Excellency took the same position and refused a dissolution. Premier King then tendered his resignation, which was accepted.

When parliament opened on Monday, Premier King announced his resignation. Mr. Meighen asked Premier King for a conference to arrange for the incoming government to pass the supply bill, and to complete the legislative programme. Premier King refused a conference or to co-operate in carrying out the responsibilities of parliament. This is the first instance on the part of a prime minister of a departing government taking such a position. The only precedent in Canada was the case of the resignation of Sir John A. Macdonald in 1873. Sir John, instead of throwing the whole rotten structure of affairs into chaos volunteered to assist, and did assist the Honorable Alexander Mackenzie in conducting affairs until the new government was in a position to operate. Mr. Meighen was faced with a position of going before parliament with no opportunity to form a government and asking that the supply bill be passed and the legislative programme completed. The attitude of Mr. King was such that no assistance in carrying out the country's affairs could be expected. Mr. Meighen did not have a majority in parliament. He could have immediately asked His Excellency for dissolution, but the legislative programme including many measures of vital importance, would have been rendered null and void. His Excellency was very anxious that the entire labors of the whole session should not be lost.

On Tuesday, June 29th, Mr. Meighen, while he had accepted the task of forming a government, had decided whether to immediately dissolve parliament or meet parliament and attempt to save the legislative programme. His Excellency sent for Robert Forke, the Progressive leader. On receipt of this message from His Excellency, Mr. Forke summoned a caucus of his party, at which nearly all the Progressive members were present. They were very anxious that the legislative programme should be completed, and before Mr. Forke visited His Excellency they unanimously adopted the following memorandum to present to him:

## THE PLEDGE GIVEN

Tuesday, 29th June, 1926.  
"Motion agreed to by Progressive group:—  
"That we assist the new administration in completing the business of the session."

(Concluded on page 3.)

## Millinery

On Monday, September 13, Mrs. Stinson of Classic Millinery, Calgary, will show her line of Millinery at our store. All ladies invited to call and inspect these hats.

## FRUIT TIME

Preserving Fruit is at its best. Can load of B.C. "tree ripened" fruit in Oyen this week. We advise canning now for best results.

Full supply of Sugar, Sealers etc.  
Vinegar—Heinz malt, white pickling and cider.

New lines of Fall Goods arriving every day. These goods are bought in the best Eastern markets, direct from the manufacturers and are offered at most reasonable prices.

Leather Vests from \$9.70 up.

## SPECIAL

Horse hide faced harvest glove at \$1.00  
Mule harvest glove, special at 50 cents.

## S. A. Miller

Subscribe to your Home Paper

## HENRY FORD

Gives Rumors Knock-out Blow

Another jab has been given the rumor and propaganda exponents.

Henry Ford, while visiting the President Coolidge at Ardmore camp, declared, according to newspaper men, that the Ford Motor Company would not put a six-cylinder car on the market. He denied this report emphatically. "We have no present plans to change our model or introduce a new type," he said, as reported by the press.

The above is an extract from the Ford News of recent date.

BUY YOUR NEW CAR NOW—PRICES  
CAN NEVER BE LOWER

**CHARLES P. SNYDER**

THE FORD DEALER . . . OYEN, ALTA.  
ALL MODELS IN STOCK

Read the Advertisements

## Fall Goods

A new shipment in, including:  
Leather, and leather lined Jackets  
Hose, Mitts, Gloves etc.

Fancy Sweaters and Sweater Vests

Large range of heavy and medium weight  
Underwear

## Preserving Fruit

Pears—Peaches—Crab Apples—Prunes etc.  
also  
Green and Ripe Tomatoes and Pickling Spices.

**J. J. Purcell**  
General Merchant



## ALL CANADIAN ROUTE IS NEEDED SAYS SIR HENRY

Montreal.—The construction of an all-Canadian route to a Canadian port was just as imperative to the rest of Canada as to the Maritime Provinces," Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railway, told the royal commission investigating the position of those provinces in the Canadian Confederation here.

"I think that indispensable," the President told Sir Andrew Ross Duncan at another point when the commission chairman told him the Maritimes made the point that they would not be called upon to bear the entire burden of the route. It was just a matter of deciding how the burden should be borne, said Sir Henry.

Sir Henry said he realized there was dissatisfaction and even discontent in the Maritimes, and he had devoted much anxious thought to the problem.

"If we admit, and I have felt it for a long time, that it is in the interests of the Maritimes and the Dominion as a whole, that something must be done, and done speedily, to assist the Maritimes to share in the growing prosperity of the Dominion, then the problem is to find the means," the president parried.

Sir Henry suggested two alternatives for meeting Maritime problems, both of which he felt were open to objections. The first was reduced rates, and he explained that this would affect the rate structure of the entire country and probably of the whole North American continent.

The other alternative was for the government to grant a subsidy, but if the principle of a free lunch cannot be established, the government would want to come to it. One suggestion which had some advantages and no disadvantages, he said, was that there should be established between the railway management and Maritime industries a closer contact than existed at present.

## Automobile Fatalities

**Auto Have Killed 3,603 Persons in 70 U. S. Cities Since Beginning Of Year**

Washington.—Automobiles have killed 3,603 persons in 70 of the country's largest cities since the first of this year.

The greatest number of fatalities occurred in the four weeks ending Jan. 14, when 597 were killed, according to figures gathered by the department of commerce covering four week periods.

For the four weeks ending Aug. 14 this year, the last reported, there were 495 fatalities, an increase over the same period last year, when 467 deaths occurred.

From May to December last year, the total number of automobile fatalities was 1,215, making a total of 7,548 for the year.

## Women Help in Manitoba

Winnipeg.—Women are offering their services for the harvest field. In response to an appeal recently issued by Mayor Webb. The mayor has received several applications from women either to work in the field or to tend stock to release men for the fields. There have been some country points for the most part.

## Canada's T.B. Death List Is Low

Ottawa.—Completion of statistics of the total deaths in Canada from tuberculosis, all forms, announces the Canadian Tuberculosis Association enables the country to show the lowest national death rate last year from this disease over the past six years, namely, 78.7 per 100,000 population.

## Horses in Vatican Stables Poisoned

Rome.—A number of horses in the Vatican stables have fallen ill in the last few days, presumably poisoned. Inquiry, it is said, has shown some harmful substance had been mixed in the feed. Investigative steps being taken with the hope of detecting the plotters.

## Toronto Will Purchase Coal

Toronto.—The city of Toronto will purchase 1,500 tons of Welsh or Alberta coal to be sold in small lots during the coming winter to the city's poor residents, the board of control decided.

In export trade the United States leads Britain. In total trade, including both exports and imports, Britain tops the list.

W. N. U. 1613

## Liberal Leader in Nova Scotia

**Final Week of Campaign to Be Spent in Ontario**

Antigonish, N.S.—Surpluses in the public accounts, reductions in taxation, old age pensions and the coast-

with by Mr. Mackenzie King here.

"What about Wall Street," called out someone who looked in through a window of the hotel building for a moment.

"Isn't that a fine example of Tory tactics?" asked Mr. King.

"This fly-by-night shows his head in a window, shoves and runs away."

Mr. King proceeded to say that the country as a whole prospered from the removal of considerable taxation this year.

The Liberal leader has concluded his campaign in Nova Scotia. In Port Hawkesbury, on Cape Breton Island, a terrific downpour drove the crowd to the town hall. Here in Antigonish-Guyana constituency the Liberal led the cutting rack at the meeting.

Mr. King will stop at Campbellton in New Brunswick and New Carlisle, Quebec.

The final week of the campaign will be spent in Ontario.

## France Near Breaking Point With Russia

**Trouble Arose Over Soviet Action Regarding Moscow Fair**

Paris.—The French government has recently in France breaking of relations with the Soviet of Russia is going on.

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## To Analyze Minerals Of Saskatchewan

**No Gold Found In North Says Mining Engineer**

Regina.—Completing a survey of the Lac la Poudre mineral area in North Saskatchewan, W. H. Hastings, mining engineer of the Saskatchewan bureau of labor and industries, has returned with several hundred pounds of samples for analysis.

Some of the minerals are: Pyrite, pyrrhotite, copper sulphide, glass sand, fine clay, iron sand, coal and perlite. Several copper claims have been staked in the Sturgeon-Welch Rivers district.

Lack of transportation, said Mr. Hastings, was one of the chief problems in the opening up of the northern resources. Another was the failure to find silver or gold, the most valuable of the minerals, and prospectors fought shy of less valuable claims.

The president, it was said, respects the shrewdly, judgment and patriotism of Mr. Baker, yet he realizes it is sometimes easier for a person in private life who is no longer charged with the responsibility of administering public affairs, to suggest large expenditures of the taxpayers' money.

Mr. McElroy took up what he described as "the most vital of all topics, the tariff."

His fiscal policy, he said, was not different tonight from what it had always been.

"A stable tariff on a definite basis," he said, Mr. McElroy spoke for about fifteen minutes in French.

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## NO CHANGE IN U.S. DEBT POLICY SAYS COOLIDGE

**Paul Smiths, N.Y.—President Coolidge**

knows of no reason for making any change in the government policy toward the foreign war-time debts owed the United States.

All the great powers, with one exception, it was added, had funded their debts to the United States and it is apparent to Mr. Coolidge that France will adjust its debts in accordance with the agreement reached by its duly authorized representatives with United States officials.

The president, it was said, respects the shrewdly, judgment and patriotism of Mr. Baker, yet he realizes it is sometimes easier for a person in private life who is no longer charged with the responsibility of administering public affairs, to suggest large expenditures of the taxpayers' money.

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## Says Conservative Star Rising

**Premier McElroy Addresses Large Gathering in Montreal**

Montreal.—Sixty to seventy thousand people were assembled in the Forum when Premier McElroy addressed a meeting here.

On the platform were distinguished visitors from every part of Canada. Sir Alfred Mond, member of Great Britain's cabinet under Lloyd George, was there with Lady Mond.

Premier McElroy received a great ovation. Different groups in the big Forum gave him their songs and cheers.

He began in French. His voice was hoarse at first, but steadied after a few minutes. He expressed confidence in the success of his party in the coming election.

The Conservative star is rising from the Atlantic to the Pacific," he said. Mr. McElroy spoke for about fifteen minutes in French.

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"A stable tariff on a definite basis," he said, Mr.



## Medicinal Plants

Drug Yielding Plants Are Found In Many Parts of Canada

The gathering of medicinal plants, the bark and leaves of trees, does not appeal to the average Canadian farmer or perhaps because of lack of knowledge of the varieties and parts which may readily be converted into cash. And yet, in many districts, it would prove to be profitable employment for spare time and certain medicinal plants could be cultivated with profit, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service, Department of the Interior at Ottawa.

The glowing plant found in the woods of Ontario has for many years been much sought after because of the high value of seven dollars or more per pound which the roots command. It has been largely exported to China where it is prized as a tonic and stimulant by the Chinese. Ginseng and mannikin are the two most important of these who are native to the mountains of Ontario and Quebec are regarded with much respect and reverence by the Chinese who ascribe to them almost miraculous powers. According to an old fable the mannikin shrinks when pulled from the ground, and its white, fleshy, its commonly found root to the human body, a resemblance is suggested by the ginseng, is probably the ground of this superstition. The mannikin has been regarded as an amphetamine, and used in numerous incantations, as a love charm, and in the "Origins of English Literature," says that the mannikin was found beneath the public gallows and was dragged from the gallows and carried home with many religious ceremonies. When secured it became a family spirit in orchards. It is used in medicine and bringing good luck to the house in which it was obtained.

Ginseng and mannikin are only two of the many native roots and plants of medicinal value. Many more plants are prepared for modern use in the treatment of the ills of mankind. Among the medicinal plants which grow wild in Canada and for which there is a considerable demand is goldenseal, sea holly, and mountain blueberry. Many more medicinal plants are native to Europe, but which have escaped from cultivation, now occur as weeds or as common weeds in Canada, particularly in the eastern provinces. Included in this category are white and black mustard, cayenne, horseradish, poppy, spearmint, thyme, thyme, and even the dandelion. All of these growing plants can be cultivated as well as other varieties of medicinal plants such as comfrey, dill, fennel, thyme, dandelion, and many others. Belladonna, garden chamomile, etc.

Among the trees or shrubs from which it is gathered for medicinal purposes are the casahuate tree, slippery elm, witch hazel, wild blackberry, red currant, prickly ash or toinathine tree, burning bush or saloon. There are, in fact, many medicinal plants in the forests of the Canadian provinces, the flowers of the hop and the small roots or rhizomes of the ferns, each grass, white borage and black root, and many others. The medicinal value of the casahuate bark comes from the resinous exudate of the balsam bark.

It is, perhaps, not well known that carloads of the bark of the casahuate tree are shipped annually from British Columbia to firms which manufacture the well-known casahuate medicine from it. The casahuate tree belongs to the northwest coast of America, and British Columbia has the distinction of being the only portion of the British Empire in which it is native. Owing to its rapid depletion in the states of Oregon and Washington, manufacturing drug firms are looking to British Columbia for further supplies of the bark, but the tree is so little known that in land clearing operations it is ruthlessly slaughtered when patches of it might be left to yield from time to time the valuable crops. Professor John Davidson of the University of British Columbia says that on one lot 110 by 110 feet (one third acre) which came under his notice, 21 casahuate trees were burned. The immediate value of the bark on these trees, he estimated, was worth about \$60. A piece of waste land in casahuate trees may be managed to yield a perpetual crop and new trees may be easily started from seed. Casahuate grows both in tree form and as spreading shrubs and harvesting of bark may begin when the trees are eight or ten years old.

The estimate of many parts of British Columbia, as the Natural Resources Intelligence Service points out, is particularly favorable to the growth of drug yielding plants, but one drug is not sufficient for the establishment of a manufacturing industry and so Professors J. Davidson and R. H. Clark, of the University of British Columbia, have been making intensive studies. The financial assistance granted by the National Research Council, to determine whether or not other herbs and plants can be grown to add

value. The results have been very encouraging. It has been found that not only the bark of the casahuate tree, but also its wood possesses active medicinal properties. The British Columbia foxglove has been found to be equal or superior in content of the drug digitalin to that of the European foxglove, while for the production of the drug stramonium similarly good results have been obtained from the thornapple or thornapple. The foxglove, a native of British Columbia. The spotted hemlock was found to contain a high percentage of alkaloid than the average found elsewhere.

The investigations commenced in British Columbia might well be carried on in other parts of Canada. The medicine man's drug chest must contain those plants which are native to the Canadian forests from home grown plants.

## Forecasting the Cutworm

Weather Seems to Play an Important Part in Propagation

A rather important thing to know is that it is possible to forecast with reasonable certainty a year in advance what the cutworm situation is going to be. Judging from what Mr. H. L. Jones, a reliable and experienced meteorological branch, in his pamphlet No. 71 says, it is late this year to do the forecasting, but it is worth remembering for the future. "The weather," says Jones, "is an important part in the activity of the larvae and their control by the farmer. The weather means goes on to say that a long series of observations have resulted in the following conclusions: If there are less than three dry days in May and June it is probable that there will be an increase in the number of cutworms the following year. If there are more than five dry days in May and June little trouble may be looked for from this insect in the following year. The weather is so important in forecasting that it is in doubt about the forecasting measure of the degree of infestation in any particular field the following spring, by seeing a strip of grain in the field across the land each day as early as the season will allow. If by the middle of May the grain has come up and there are no signs of cutworm feeding it is reasonably safe to see the center field."

Mr. Jones further says in his pamphlet, which can be had free of cost by addressing the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, that fields which are to be summerfallowed must be worked early, and thoroughly cultivated during June and July. The cutworms are in the field which are to be protected from cutworm infestation may be stopped by the first of August and the fields left until the middle of September. Fields which are in the field that cannot be harvested in the middle of September or left until the middle of September are very liable to infestation the following year. Such fields should be summerfallowed the following year.

## Was Great Acquisition

Home Owner in Washington Highly Pleased With Bath

Bath tub controversies are dangerous, and never can be won with the law. It will bring up. Some years ago it was decreed that every house in Washington built after that date must have a bath. The law was not obeyed, but some of the health inspectors assert that even in Washington many of these arguments are as good as no law. "That we have difficulty in waiting until Saturday night,"—Washington Post.

American Editor Buys Ranch

Pratt, Ind., of New York City, assistant editor of the *Commonwealth Magazine*, has purchased a new place in the neighborhood of H.L.H. The price of Walter 4,500-acre ranch near the River. Mr. Hunt has been spending a vacation in Southern Alberta and evidently attracted by the country decided to become the owner of a Canadian ranch. Among other notable ranch owners in the same district are Lord Minto, the Duke of Sutherland, and other British and American nobles.

British Columbia Lumber Industry

For the first seven months of 1929 the lumber output of British Columbia shows an increase of 42 per cent. In export trade over the same period of 1928. The total output of the province for the year to July 31st is in excess of four hundred million feet.

Box Is Littered

The periodical known as the *New York Mirror* has been restored the right to circulation in Canada. This has been done by the action of some months ago has been lifted, it is stated at Ottawa. The reason for this action was not disclosed.

## Butter Color Is Important

But Difficult to Keep Uniform Under Varying Conditions

Color plays an important part in the commercial value of butter. In Bulletin No. 70 of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, entitled "Canadian Buttermaking," Mr. W. F. Jones, chief of the division of dairy manufactures, gives considerable attention to this matter. He points out that the natural color of butter varies with the different breeds of cows, the stage of the lactation period and feed. Cows on green pasture produce butter of a bright golden color and on dry feed faintly yellow, while as the lactation period advances the color becomes lighter. Naturally these varying conditions make it difficult to maintain a uniform color throughout this matter. He points out that the pounds of fat in each churning. Keeping accurate churning records in which are included the number of pounds of water used per pound of fat used in each churning, checking the color of each churning of butter on a reliable butter color card or chart, and by using this information to determine the amount of butter color to add to the next churning. If some of the churning are worked more than others the shade is apt to differ. The butter color card is a reliable guide before the churn starts to revolve.

## Keeps Pedigree Of Cheese

Woman in Amsterdam Supplies History of All Dutch Products

Particulars of every Dutch cheese which leaves the Netherlands are kept in Holland, and long after a cargo of cheese has gone, the record and family tree of each individual cheese may be studied.

A woman staying in Amsterdam at present is said to know more about cheese than any other member of her sex in the world. She is Miss H. S. Spaarman, member of the University Women's Conference at Amsterdam, and she has a record of every cheese which leaves the Netherlands. She has at her finger's end the whole history and ancestry of Dutch cheese. Thousands of cheese makers under her supervision.

She has devoted many years to recording the genealogical history of all cream cheese. If you bought a cheese in London, New York or Peru, examined its mark and saw as proof to the heart of a Dutchman as the hallmark of old silver to the connoisseur, and sent details to Miss Spaarman, she would at once have carefully kept records examined and without hesitation she could discover immediately how old the cheese was, what country made it and which black and white cow yielded the cream for its making.

## Will Rear Badgers

An attempt to rear badgers for their pelts, in Ireland is being made by a London man. The farm is in the wildest part of Donegal, close by the Keshigan mountains, and the deers are constructed on and which black and white cow yielded the cream for its making.



British Students to Study Canada

The J. H. Hon. Ian MacPherson, K.C., Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson and the Rt. Hon. Sir Evelyn Cecil, G.B.E., heads respectively of the Liberal, Labour and Conservative groups in the British delegation to the Empire Parliamentary Association conference in Australia this fall, are here photographed on board the Canadian Pacific ship *Empress of Scotland* on arrival at Quebec.

The delegation, of which the Marquis of Salisbury is chairman and Mr. Henderson vice-chairman, will sail for England in this Dominion.

## Sheep Fleeces In Alberta

Shropshire Appeal to Lead All Other Breeds

The wool of 600 ewes of six different breeds and of range type in foundation that had been graded up during a period dated from 1917 at the Lacombe, Alberta, Dominion experimental station, was marketed through the Canadian Co-operative Wool growers and officials in many districts. The results with this result by types are given in Messrs. Reed and Chapman's bulletin on "Sheep Raising in Central Alberta," Shropshire, 22,670; Hampshire, 21,748; Corriedale, 21,660; Oxford, 22,282; Cheviot, 19,134; and Leicester, 14,895.

Commenting upon these results the writers of the bulletin, which can be had free on application to the Publications Branch, Ottawa, note that the Shropshire leads all other breeds by approximately 1,000 points, and that the lowest quality of wool was obtained from the Leicester, which generally speaking is too open for the severe weather that occasionally prevails in this section of Alberta.

A three-year average in the weight of fleeces of the ewes showed practically little difference. The four breeds most important to the Central Alberta farmer, judging from the experiments, says Messrs. Reed and Chapman, Shropshire, Hampshire, Oxford and Cheviot, all range between 6 and 8 1/2 pounds in average weight of fleeces, the Shropshire being the heaviest, but the best quality. There is greater variety in weight of the ram fleeces, but all weights are fairly well in line with the general weight of the breed. The ram fleeces show about the same variation by breeds as noted in the ewe fleeces with the exception of the Cheviot being the lightest.

## Business and Education

Only Lifetime Can Measure Success Of The Letter

What makes for efficiency in business, makes for inefficiency in education. Take the demand for results. In business you know what you want and you know when you have got it with little or no delay. In education you do not ask for immediate results, or ask that can be measured in any definite way. We can test whether the student has learned his lesson, or whether his mind has grown. Intelligence is too elusive to be planned for, and too elusive to be measured. Only a lifetime can measure the success of an education, and sometimes the student who has learned his lesson may not bear fruit until a generation or two have elapsed—Lapham Demos, in the *Yale Review*.

## Passing Of Popular Coin

"Threepenny Bit," Elizabethan Silver Piece Near For Abolition

The English silver "threepenny bit," which came into existence about the time of Queen Elizabeth, may be withdrawn from circulation in favor of a larger coin of nickel if he valued at one-hundredth part of a pound. The threepenny silver coin is small and often got lost, but there is a sentimental value about them and in many churches they form the bulk of the coin in collection plates.

Mr. De Stille—"don't feel comfortable in these new shoes, dear. Hush—What's the matter? Don't they hurt?"



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## Would Have Feminine Salute

English Woman Preacher Seeks Equivalent For Raising of Right Arm

The question of what is the feminine equivalent for raising the hat has been raised by Maude Royden, a famous English woman preacher in London, in a published letter. The British soldiers who died in the Great War are memorialized in the constancy in the Whitehall street, near the House of Commons, past which thousands of loaded buses run every day. The custom for men among the riders on top of the buses is to raise their hats.

Miss Royden's letter says: "All women must feel the need of some recognized salute for the centenary. I cross myself, not only because there is no other recognized thing to do, but because of its effectiveness. For those to whom the sign of the cross has no significance I wish some other token of respect could be found. I do not like the idea of a salute, except, perhaps, as the Girl Scouts. As most of us women would say, it would not be an impressive spectacle."

"The male citizens would be no better, but they are fortunate in having the universal custom of uncovering the head. Whatever is done should be without excess self-consciousness. This would make the right hand on the heart's salute."

## Elephants Fight For Leadership

Inhabitants of Village in India Fied In Terror

Two wild elephants, believed to be rivals for the leadership of a herd, fought a terrible struggle near Jamshedpur, in Bengal. The struggle began in the early morning and lasted throughout the day and night. When the terrified villagers emerged after the fight from their hiding places, they found one of the elephants lying dead in a ditch. The other had disappeared, but was subsequently found dead ten miles away.

The beasts were terribly battle-hungry. One had lost his tusk, which were embedded in the head of the other, and the heads and trunks of both were torn and bloody. The struggle started on a hill two miles from the village of Kalra, and flamed at last in the centre of the village. Those of the inhabitants who had fled in terror, secreted themselves in their dwellings and prayed to the gods.

The presence of wild elephants is not uncommon in the jungles of this Indian province, but the close proximity which has come to light of such a struggle. Some of the villagers have reaped a small fortune from the sale of the tusks and skins.

## Tides Are To Blame

Moore's Attraction Cracking Solid Walls of Tower of London

The moon is cracking the Tower of London. Cracks are visible, which open and shut periodically have developed in the Beauchamp Tower, the Salt Tower and several of the archways. At certain times the cracks have been so apparent recent years.

Experts were puzzled by these strange happenings for a long time. The tides have now been traced. The tides are to blame. The cracks open and close as the tides ebb and flow in the Thames.

So, as the moon controls the tides, it is the moon which indirectly is causing the tower to play strange tricks in its old age.

The affected parts of the old fortress show no signs of crumbling or danger. Half this part of London is "built on a ditch."

## Saved By King George

Horse With Long Army Service Guaranteed Peaceful Old Age

A man may free himself from the shackles of matrimony by a divorce court in the United States and yet be subject to arrest for bigamy if he remarries on returning to Canada, according to an opinion of Justice Dennis Murphy, of Ontario Supreme Court. The question revolves around the terms "divorced" and "residence," as interpreted by the United States and Canadian courts.

## Prayer Women Secretaries

It seems to have become quite a custom for the prime minister's personal private secretary to be a woman. Both Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Ramsay MacDonald had energetic women as their secretaries. The response in Downing Street and at the house. Mr. Baldwin has also followed the rule, and his Miss Watson is by now a familiar figure in the lobby.

## Important To Know

"Will you remember me when I am gone?" "How long are you going to be gone?"

## Schools In Saskatchewan

Remarkable Growth of Educational Facilities In Past Twenty-one Years

In September, 1905, when Saskatchewan became a province, there were 592 school districts in the entire province. On January 1 of this year there were 4,677 with 6,604 rooms in operation compared with 321 in 1905, with 6,250 teachers as compared with 1,011 when the province was formed, and with an enrolment of 268,595 pupils as compared with 25,139 in 1905.

There were no high schools and no university in the provincial district which became Saskatchewan twenty-one years ago. Today there are 21 high schools, over 300 continuation schools, and nearly 700 other rural, village and town schools doing high school work. The magnificent collection of 17 buildings, built of native limestone which houses the University of Saskatchewan at Saskatoon, provides courses in all the major branches for over 1,000 students. Total registration last year, including short courses, very nearly reaching the two thousand mark.

The enormous increase in population in Saskatchewan and particularly in school population has been so great that the province has a school record which it has never had in all its history. At one time it was possible to overtake the increasing demand for expansion. At one time school districts were organized at the almost incredible rate of one a day. No sooner would a school house be erected and its boundaries set than it became necessary to subdivide it. No sooner was a college institution completed than the city or town authorities began to face the problem of re-arranging the school buildings.

Today, education facilities in Saskatchewan, after twenty-one years of almost continuous development, have reached the point where it is possible for any child in the province, living in an organized rural school district to complete his education up to the completed Grade X, and after passing the Grade VIII examination, any child may attend any high school in the province. The system has got to the stage that any child in the province of Saskatchewan can proceed from the primary grades of school to the university, secondary schools and the provincial university, all under the control, through the management, of the people of the province.

## Bull Fighting On The Wane

Mexican School Children Have Petitioned For Its Abolition

The recent petition of Mexican school children for the abolition of bull fighting is one phase of the growing movement against this ancient Iberian sport. For the "Festival of the Bulls" is one phase of the growing movement against this ancient Iberian sport. For the "Festival of the Bulls" is one phase of the growing movement against this ancient Iberian sport.

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## Wainwright Oil Fields

Oil drills in the Wainwright field are making steady progress and reports are expected that the well is now some wells are down to a depth of 2,600 feet, and early indication points in this field developing into a producing one.

Many a man's morality doesn't hold to work until he discovers that he is being saluted by a detective.



WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

Prince Alexandre Murat, who was a descendant of General Joachim Murat and Caroline, sister to Napoleon I, died recently in Paris.

A total of 150 Swiss have settled in Western Canada this year, and next year an even greater influx of Swiss agriculturists may be expected, an immigration official stated.

M. Clemenceau, France's war premier, will likely write another pen letter on the subject of debts following up that addressed to President on August 8 last. This was announced semi-officially.

Travelling in Erickson Coulee, near Cochrane, Alberta, on the international border between Montana and Alberta, the Imperial Oil Company has struck a flow of gas to the extent of 10,000,000 cubic feet daily.

Without Germany, the League of Nations must be, according to the opinion of Dr. M. J. Bonn, professor of political economy in the College of Commerce, Berlin, and an international lawyer.

The deaths of their air disarmament committee that the commercial aircraft would be deemed a factor of comparison of the military air forces of nations, was received by a vote of 7 to 5 by the members of the preliminary disarmament conference.

Unknown in the annals of Canadian mountain climbing is the feat of two children of Victoria, B.C., who, taking advantage of the favorable conditions that prevail this year, climbed Mount Edith Cavell, one of the highest peaks in the Canadian Rockies.

M. Paul Poincaré, minister of war, has authorized the communes of Bourdon and Dury (Pas de Calais), Coureuil, Quenest, Sauterelle (Somme) to erect in their territory monuments in memory of Canadian soldiers who fought in France during the Great War.

Senator William Marconi of Italy, inventor of wireless, has announced the perfection of a wireless loud speaker which can be heard for ten miles. It is the invention of a member of the staff of the Marconi Company, and Marconi says it has already been tried out at Coves with success.

## Tariff Board Applications

Requests For Increases and Decreases in the Tariff

To date a score of applications have been placed before the advisory board on tariff and taxation asking for increases or decreases in the customs tariff on various commodities.

The applications include requests for an investigation into customs duty on iron and steel, submitted by the Algoma Steel Corporation and the British Empire Steel Corporation, and into customs duties on foreign magazines, the request being made by the Magazine Publishers' Association, request of preferential tariff by Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

Price, Portland, Vancouver, ask for an investigation into customs duty on wool "tops," and the British Columbia Sugar Refining Company, Vancouver, submits a request for inquiry into duties on corn and cane syrup.

A woman invalid in Western Canada asks for a review of customs duty on vital chairs.

## On Visit Of Inspection

Hon. Lady Cecil visiting Western Canada in Connection With Immigration of British Women

Hon. Lady Cecil, vice-chairman of the Overseas Settlement for British Women, is visiting the homes of British women who have recently established themselves in Western Canada. She is much pleased with what she has seen and entertains high hopes for increased immigration of a good class of women. After completing her investigations in Canada, Lady Cecil will visit New Zealand on a similar mission.

If all of London's refuse were burned in modern destructors, it is estimated that electrically worth more than \$10,000,000 could be produced annually.

The chances against the mother guilting her eggs are three to one, officials of the United States Biological Survey declare.

A remarkable new slot machine has 20 kinds of articles in it. An indicator may be pointed to the name of the article desired.

Mount Rina, the famous volcano, is densely populated, each of its 800 square miles of inhabitable slope containing 300 persons.

W. N. U. 1645

Sir Gilbert Parker  
And the French-Canadians

Noted Writer and Parliamentary Talker of French-Canadians With Sir Wilfrid Laurier

The Right Honorable Sir Gilbert Parker, who at present is making one of his frequent visits to his native land, made his only public appearance on this trip at Muskoka Assembly, the Canadian Chautauque, recently. A large audience gathered from various points on the lakes and listened to a delightful series of personal reminiscences which he gathered under the title, "Forty-one Years After."

His address dealt largely with public men with whom he had been brought into contact. Speaking of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the French-Canadian, he said:

"It is a good thing to have long enough to prove that apart from literature, one loves one's country, is a patriot, and has no fear. I remember a speech I delivered in Toronto well over twenty years ago at my own university. I had just come back from Quebec and I said then, what I repeat now, that, while the French-Canadian did not share sympathetically in our imperial commitments and responsibilities, he was loyal to the soil as any U. K. Loyalist in U. K. Loyalist district. It must not be forgotten that twice since 1759 the French-Canadian has saved Canada for the British flag. It must not be forgotten that the second most popular prime minister Canada ever had, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, was a French-Canadian. Had I lived in Sir Wilfrid Laurier politically, but we were close and intimate friends, stayed with him in his house six times. I crossed the continent with him once. And what was the basis of our friendship? He believed that I put the French-Canadian in his true light before the world. I attacked him in 1911 in the British House of Commons over the reciprocity proposal with the United States. I said I believed he would be driven from power, and that he had never received the prime minister's reply. I said to myself, 'That ends me, with Laurier.' It didn't. When he heard I was coming to Canada again, he called me and asked me to stay with him, which I did."

Smart Sports Frocks Are Simply Fashioned

A stunning sports frock is pictured here expressed in polka-dotted crepe with all the fashion interest centered in the front, leaving the back rather plain, in the new manner. There is a smart convertible collar as well as a long front opening, and an inverted plait each side of the skirt fronted with ad-shipped pockets. Other inverted plait was added to the side seams for extra fullness, while the long sleeves gathered into narrow cuffs, and string belt, tying in the back, are particularly good natured, conservative as well as smart. No. 1575 is in sizes 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42 inches bust. Size 35 requires 3 1/2 yards plain contrasting, 7 1/2 yards. Our new Fall Frocks, made to order, using the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

## Honor Portuguese Explorer

Compliments in India: Erect Memorial

Portuguese citizens of India have honored the memory of their great comrade, Vasco da Gama by the erection of an imposing monument in Nova Goa, or Panaji, as it is often called.

Vasco da Gama was born in 1469 and died in 1525, after a stirring and adventurous career. His admirers in India have honored him chiefly on account of the fact that it was he who opened up the way to India, thus achieving one of the most important events in the history of civilization, hence all the world can claim a share in his wonderful career.

But the Portuguese of India naturally feel he is their great hero, and they have erected a memorial to him.

Witchcraft Is Still Practiced In Europe

But Only Form That Has Survived Is Harmless

A witch's case in Staffordshire, England recalls the fact that witchcraft still lingers in all parts of Europe. The British penal laws were repealed in 1736, but there have been cases within the last 30 or 40 years, especially in the Highlands, in which there have been reports of witchcraft. It was estimated that between 1484 and 1782 no fewer than 300,000 supposed witches were put to death in Europe, but there have been cases in which "witches" have been hanged much more recently. The usual form of witchcraft to survive is that in connection with the making of a wax image of the person to be bewitched, clay being used instead of wax in the Highlands.

Net Worth It  
Doctor: Your husband's not so well today, Mrs. Maloney. Has he been sticking to the diet I prescribed for him?

Mrs. Maloney: And that he has not, doctor. 'Tis he that says 'twould not be starvin' himself to death 'twould a few years longer.

The kind of mother who used to say that her 12-year-old daughter was 6, so that she could travel half-price, now says she is 18, so that she can drive the car.

Married women and spinners will soon be indistinguishable in Denmark, as both will be addressed by the single word "Frue" (Mrs.).



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## How To Order Patterns

Address—Winning Newspaper Union,  
175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

B.C. Seed For Ontario

An order for 2,000 sacks of yellow pine cones for seed has been received at Kamloops, B.C., from an Ontario seed house which also wants 200 sacks of Douglas fir cones. Much tree seed has in the past been gathered at the coast, where the Dominion Government has a seed collecting plant at New Westminster, but this is said to be the first order of any size for such seed received in the interior of British Columbia.

## MANTOBA GIRLS AT TORONTO EXHIBITION

Insider: Manitoba, Girls' Demonstration Team, selected to represent their province at the Toronto International Exhibition. They are giving demonstrations of dramatic dancing, lectures on Manitoba's natural resources, and are illustrating the splendid work of the Women's Institute. They travelled to Toronto by Canadian Pacific lines, and in addition, enjoyed a splendid sail down the Great Lakes. From left to right: Mrs. W. H. Bessell, instructor; Miss Marie Winther, Miss Pearl Mulligan and Miss Frances Steves.

## OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Horizontal  
1—Part of the leg.  
2—Immigrant's cabin.  
3—One who inherits.  
4—Cooking utensil.  
5—Four.  
6—Boat.  
7—Five.  
8—To urinate.  
9—Bastard.  
10—Abandon in a struggle.  
11—Punk.  
12—Combining form of air.  
13—To walk lamely.  
14—Cook in hard.  
15—Short, fast pace.  
16—Appendage.  
17—Make dear.  
18—Fresh.  
19—Unit.  
20—Liquid measure.

## Canadian Pacific Express Company

Domestic Express Company New Name

Longer Known By That Name  
After forty-four years of operation during which it has grown up with the country and contributed in no small way to Canadian development, the Dominion Express Company will no longer be known by that name. After September first, that great transportation agency will be known as the Canadian Pacific Express Company. In all parts of Canada and the United States and throughout the civilized world signs on the windows of the many hundreds of branch offices will be changed, and thus will be forged a still closer link with the great parent company whose railroad, steamships and hotels are known around the world.

To mark the change of name the company has issued an attractive little booklet giving a short history of its career and a synopsis of its present widespread activities. The Dominion Express Company was incorporated in 1873, but it was in 1882 that Mr. Van Horne, then president of the C.P.R., took it over as an operating part of the Canadian Pacific Railway. J. O. A. Kirkpatrick, later Sir George Kirkpatrick, Lt. Gov. of Ontario, was its president, and Mr. W. S. Stout, a young but thoroughly experienced express man, became its superintendent. Mr. Stout is today president and has for many years guided his fortunes in that capacity.

For some years he and his assistants had a hard and uphill fight. They not only fought, but helped create it by finding Canadian and foreign markets for Canadian products and by scientific rate making encouraging the farmer, fruit grower and others whose markets were abroad. The growth of the company over these many years is an interesting story and it is an important chapter in the commercial history of this country and its present position there. It is daily entrusted with hundreds of millions of dollars in goods and treasure by the public, business institutions and the government is a matter for justifiable pride. The booklet is handsomely illustrated and is being widely distributed wherever the company operates.

## Boy Climbs Highest Mountain

Six-Year-Old Lancashire Boy Accomplishes Feat

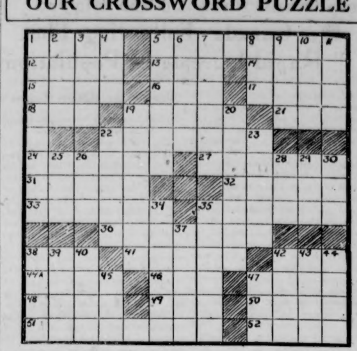
The youngest to climb Mount Scawfell, the highest mountain in England, is a Lancashire boy of six. This feat he accomplished with his grand father, who is 60 years old, his father and his uncle. On the way up the boy, the Kerwick official guide, who was taking a party up to the top of Scawfell Pike. Learning that the youngster was not going to be carried any part of the way, he said that he would give him a shilling if he was at the top by half-past two. The boy was the first of his party to reach the top, arriving there at 1.55.

## Edmonton Fur Market

Edmonton took a long step forward in the establishment of a fur market for the Northwest Territories and the Mackenzie River Basin, when pelts valued at \$125,000 were disposed of at auction recently. Furs were sold to a number of well-known firms in New York, Montreal, Winnipeg and other cities.

An aerial torpedo carrying 5,000 pounds of TNT and travelling at a speed of 200 miles an hour has been developed by the United States army. Fired from an aeroplane it can hit a target 20 miles away.

## OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Vertical  
1—Part of the leg.  
2—Immigrant's cabin.  
3—One who inherits.  
4—Cooking utensil.  
5—Four.  
6—Boat.  
7—Five.  
8—To urinate.  
9—Bastard.  
10—Abandon in a struggle.  
11—Punk.  
12—Combining form of air.  
13—To walk lamely.  
14—Cook in hard.  
15—Short, fast pace.  
16—Appendage.  
17—Make dear.  
18—Fresh.  
19—Unit.  
20—Liquid measure.

## New Acreage Signed to Wheat Pool

Over Five Hundred Saskatchewan Farmers Join Pool in One Week

A remarkable commentary on the recent anti-pool propaganda is presented in the following new acreage signed to the pool, for the week ending August 24th:

AGE 19th, 10,512 acres; 20th, 9,400 acres; 21st, 10,097 acres; 22nd, 7,945 acres; 23rd, 7,600 acres; 24th, 10,233 acres.

During the period shown, over 500 Saskatchewan farmers decided to favor "The Pool Way," covering 55,597 acres of wheat.

Approximately 6,000 additional acres of coarse grains also came over to orderly marketing scheme.

## Foods Held In Storage

Huge Amount Is Kept On Hand in Canada

It may surprise the average person to learn of the huge amounts of foods it is necessary to hold in storage to meet the normal demands of trade, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior. Fresh meats in storage in Canada amount to about three pounds to every man, woman and child in the country; butter and cheese total about two pounds per capita, while the amount of fish in storage is nearly one and one-third pounds per head.

Rich relatives are of little use to a poor man except to pose as something to which he can point with pride.

The salmon pack of British Columbia for the season of 1925 amounted to nearly 2,500,000 cases.

## MANTOBA GIRLS AT TORONTO EXHIBITION



Insider: Manitoba, Girls' Demonstration Team, selected to represent their province at the Toronto International Exhibition. They are giving demonstrations of dramatic dancing, lectures on Manitoba's natural resources, and are illustrating the splendid work of the Women's Institute. They travelled to Toronto by Canadian Pacific lines, and in addition, enjoyed a splendid sail down the Great Lakes. From left to right: Mrs. W. H. Bessell, instructor; Miss Marie Winther, Miss Pearl Mulligan and Miss Frances Steves.

## Germany's Population Grows

Germany's population is again increasing. Experts believe that the time is not far when Germany like Italy must again have colonies to house surplus inhabitants. The death rate of 12 per 1,000 population is about 5 per cent. lower than in 1913 and less than half of the high peak in 1918 when 25 out of every 1,000 died.

Postmarks date back over two centuries. The first provincial specimen was made in 1792, and was on a letter dated 1792, long before adhesive stamps came into use.





